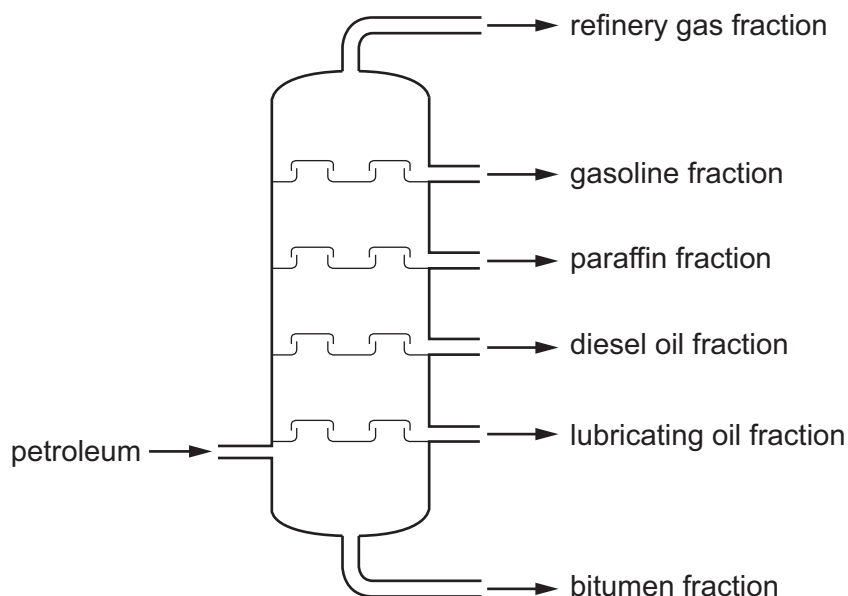


Paper 1

Questions are applicable for both core and extended candidates

1 The fractional distillation of petroleum is shown.



Which fraction is the least volatile?

- A bitumen
- B diesel oil
- C gasoline
- D refinery gas

2 Petroleum is fractionally distilled at an oil refinery.

The table shows some fractions and uses.

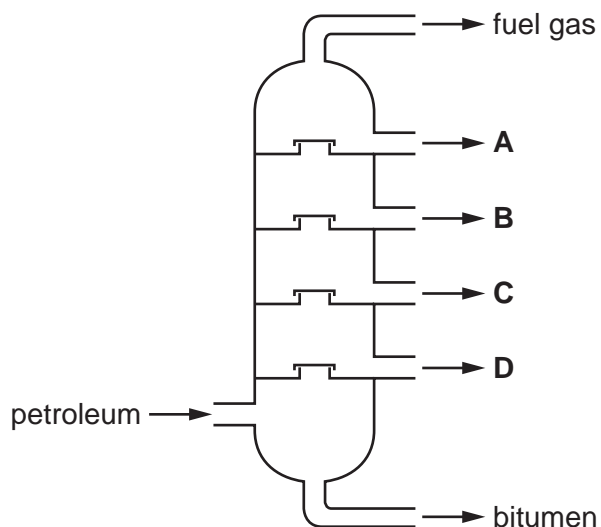
	fraction	use
1	gasoline	fuel for ships
2	refinery gas	lubrication
3	naphtha	making chemicals
4	kerosene	jet fuel

Which rows identify a use for the fraction listed?

- A 1 and 2
- B 1 and 3
- C 2 and 4
- D 3 and 4

3 The fractional distillation of petroleum is shown.

Which fraction contains hydrocarbons with the longest chain length?



4 Petroleum is separated into fractions by fractional distillation.

Which row describes a use of the named fraction?

	fraction	use
A	bitumen	fuel for ships
B	refinery gas	jet fuel
C	fuel oil	road making
D	gasoline	fuel for cars

5 Petroleum is a mixture of different hydrocarbons.

Which process is used to separate the petroleum into groups of similar hydrocarbons?

- A** combustion
- B** cracking
- C** fractional distillation
- D** reduction

6 Which statement about fuels is correct?

- A Heat energy is only produced by burning fuels.
- B Hydrogen is used as a fuel although it is difficult to store.
- C Methane is a good fuel because it produces only water when burned.
- D Uranium is burned in air to produce energy.

7 The fractional distillation of petroleum produces a series of fractions with different uses.

Which row identifies a use for a fraction?

	fraction	use
A	bitumen	jet fuel
B	gas oil	cooking
C	kerosene	making roads
D	naphtha	making chemicals

8 Which fuels release carbon dioxide when burned?

- 1 gasoline
- 2 hydrogen
- 3 methane

- A** 1 and 2
- B** 1 and 3
- C** 2 and 3
- D** 3 only

9 Some properties of four fuels are shown.

Which fuel is a gas at room temperature and makes two products when it burns in a plentiful supply of air?

	fuel	formula	melting point /°C	boiling point /°C
A	hydrogen	H ₂	-259	-253
B	methane	CH ₄	-182	-164
C	octane	C ₈ H ₁₈	-57	126
D	wax	C ₃₁ H ₆₄	60	400

10 Fuel oil and naphtha are two fractions obtained from petroleum.

What are the major uses of these fractions?

	fuel oil	naphtha
A	jet fuel	making chemicals
B	jet fuel	making roads
C	ship fuel	making chemicals
D	ship fuel	making roads